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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

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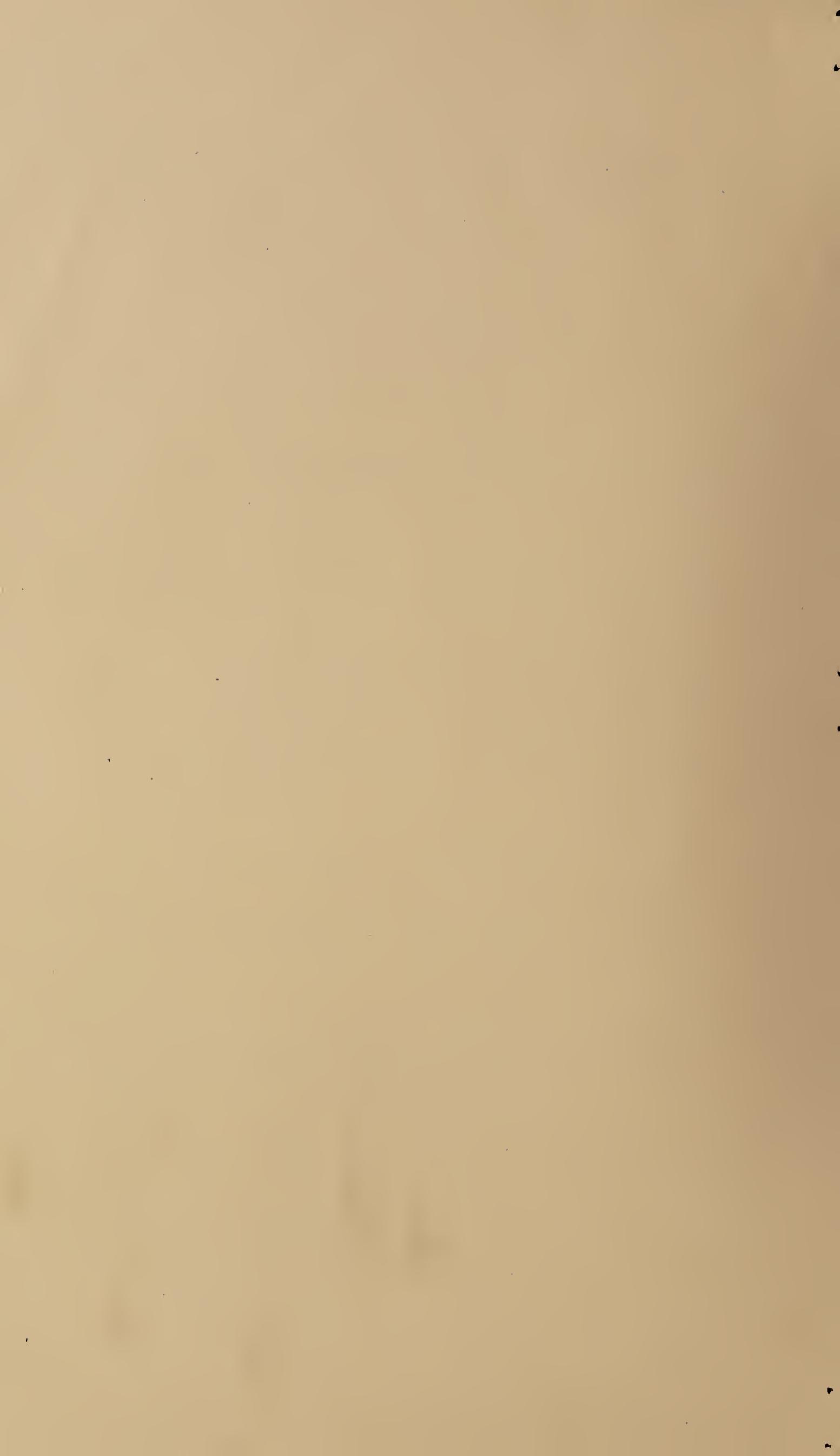
AND

C H I E F P U B L I C H E A L T H I N S P E C T O R.

IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1958.

FOR THE RURAL DISTRICT OF SPILSBY.

IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN - PARTS OF LINDSEY.



S P I L S B Y R U R A L D I S T R I C T C O U N C I L.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF.

Medical Officer of Health:

A. Loftus, L.R.C.F., L.R.C.S., D.P.H., Dip. Mid.

Chief Public Health Inspector:

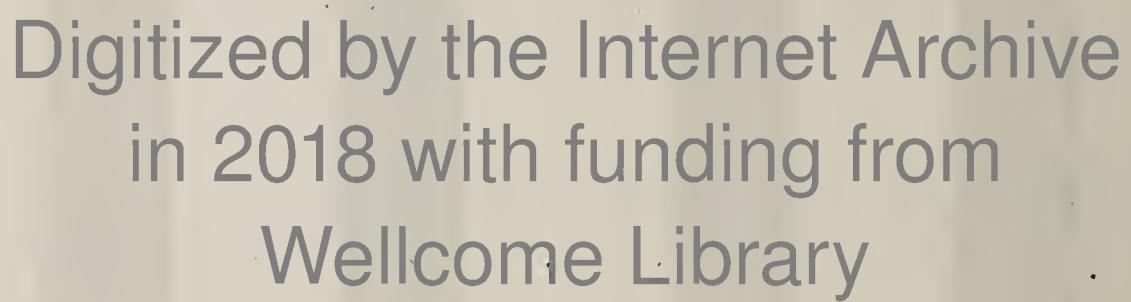
W. Bailey, Cert. R.S.I., M.S.I.A., Cert.
Meat and Other Foods.

Additional Public Health Inspector:

H. Brumfitt, Cert. S.I.B., A.R. San. I., F.F.S.

Clerk:

E. Rittgerott. (Miss).



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SPILSBY RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Medical Officer's Report for 1958.

Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Ward and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report on the Health and Sanitary conditions of Spilsby Rural District for the year 1958.

During the Year there were 319 Deaths from all causes three more than last year. Giving a Death Rate of 13.7 per 1,000 resident population compared with the national rate of 11.7. The greater number of deaths being attributed to Heart Disease. There were 329 Births, 14 less than the previous year, giving a live Birth Rate of 14 per 1,000 population.

The incidences of Infectious Diseases were less than the previous year being 201 cases notified. 162 Measles, 2 Whooping Cough, 14 Pneumonia, 5 Scarlet Fever, 2 paralytic polio-myelitis, 1 Erysipelas, 11 Pulmonary Tuberculosis, 1 Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis, 2 Food Poisoning and 1 Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Area.

The area of the District is 147,530 acres in 69 parishes.

Population.

The Registrar General's estimated mid-year home population is 23,560.

Density.

The density of population was .160 persons per acre.

Rateable Value.

The rateable value was £212814 and the product of a penny rate £911.

Houses.

The number of houses inhabited was 7,795.

BIRTHS.

Live Births	329.
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	14.
Still-births	9.
Still births rate per 1,000 live and still-births..	26.6
Total live and still-births	338.
Infant Deaths	19.

INFANTILE MORTALITY.

Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births	total	33.4 58.0.
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births	legitimate	Nil. 60.3.
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births	illegitimate	Nil.
Neo natal mortality rate per 1,000 live births (first four weeks)		24.3
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births		4.2
Maternal deaths (including abortion)		Nil.
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still-births		Nil.

DEATHS.

Number of deaths from all causes	319.
Death rate per 1,000 resident population	13.7
Death rate adjusted for comparison with other places	9.3
Death Rate for England and Wales per 1,000 resident population	11.7

Causes of Death according to Registrar General's Return.

<u>Disease.</u>	<u>Male.</u>	<u>Female.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Tuberculosis Respiratory	2.	1.	3.
Tuberculosis other organs	-	-	-
Syphilitic Disease	1.	-	1.
Diphtheria	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infections	-	-	-
Acute Poliomyelitis	-	-	-
Measles	-	-	-
Other Infective and Parasitic Disease ..	-	-	-
Malignant Neoplasm Stomach	3.	6.	9.
Malignant Neoplasm Lung Bronchus	9.	2.	11.
Malignant Neoplasm Breast	-	3.	3.
Malignant Neoplasm Uterus	-	-	-
Other Malignant and Lymphotic Neoplasms	19.	15.	34.
Leukaemia and Aleukaemia	1.	-	1.
Diabetes	-	2.	2.
Vascular lesions of Nervous system	27.	20.	47.
Coronary Disease Angina	30.	18.	48.
Hypertension with heart disease	5.	5.	10.
Other heart disease	25.	34.	59.
Other Circulatory disease	10.	3.	13.
Influenza	-	-	-
Pneumonia	3.	6.	9.
Bronchitis	4.	6.	10.
Other Diseases of the respiratory system	5.	-	5.
Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	2.	1.	3.
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	-	-	-
Carried forward:	146.	122.	268.

continued.

<u>Disease.</u>	<u>Bt./forward.</u>	<u>Male.</u>	<u>Female.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Nephritis and Nephrosis	-	1.	1.	1.
Hyperplasia of prostate	5.	-	-	5.
Pregnancy, Childbirth, abortion	-	-	-	-
Congenital Malformations	1.	2.	3.	3.
Other defined and ill-defined diseases.	15.	18.	33.	33.
Motor Vehicle Accidents	4.	2.	6.	6.
Suicide	-	-	-	-
Homicide and operations of war	-	-	-	-
All other accidents	1.	2.	3.	3.
Total all causes.		172.	147.	319.

The death rate (per thousand of the population) for Tuberculosis is .12. Coronary disease angina 2. Pneumonia .38. and Malignant Neoplasm Lung Bronchue .46.

Deaths - Age Distribution.

Under 1 year	1-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
19.	-	-	-	-	5.	9.	7.
50-60	60-70	70 & over	Total.				
27.	43.	209.	319.				

79% of the deaths occurred in persons over 60 years.
21% were under 60 years.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.

Legislation has, in the past, but inadequately, endeavoured to ensure:-

- (a) a safe meat supply, prepared under hygienic conditions and subjected to proper inspections;
- (b) humane treatment of animals, and
- (c) adequate welfare facilities for persons employed in a slaughterhouse.

Now Parliament has finished its work on slaughterhouses, the Slaughterhouses Act, 1958 and The Slaughter of Animals Act, 1958, becomes operative.

The new Regulations will end the long period of past uncertainty as to the established pattern of slaughtering.

Some slaughterhouses may disappear; others will have to meet the exacting standard laid down by the Act and Regulations.

It is true to state that many slaughterhouses in the Rural District must remain. It is also true to say that from an angle of convenience of inspections, and an ensurance that all animals are inspected, that a large slaughterhouse at Spilsby would be ideal.

continued.

It is inevitable that 100% meat inspection cannot be carried out due to the scattered slaughterhouses, varied times and days of slaughtering.

The Slaughterhouse (Hygiene) Regulations, 1958, which comes into operation on the 1st January, 1959, deals with the (a) construction of slaughterhouses, arrangement of lairage, accommodation, lighting and ventilation, cleanliness and repair, drainage and water supply. Part III deals with equipment and Part IV with hygienic practises, such as admission of animals to a slaughterhouse, hygiene of premises and equipment also personal hygiene of persons and finally slaughtering processes.

Thus eventually we shall have - hygienic conditions, humane treatment of animals and safe working conditions for those engaged in slaughterhouse work.

SEWAGE WORKS.

Anderby Creek.

Due to non-rapid development at Anderby Creek, consideration was given to the original scheme being reduced whereby it would be possible to construct half the proposed Disposal Works.

Chapel St. Leonards.

Second Phase - South Road and Trunch Lane.

Works have not yet started.

Ingoldmells.

Year by year, this seaside coastal resort increases in popularity, as is indicated by the increasing number of persons frequenting the approaches to the sea, the full booking of existing caravans and enquiries as to land being available for additional Camp Sites.

Naturally the scheme envisages considerable expense, and at the present time the Council is deliberating between the financial aspects and human public health factor.

Hundleby and Spilsby.

The proposed extensions of sewers has not yet started.

Wainfleet All Saints.

Conditions are deplorable. For many, many years this Annual Report has repeated itself in the condemnation of the present insanitary works.

Burgh-le-Marsh.

In the Annual Report for 1892 we read that 'the sewerage disposal grounds can scarcely be considered satisfactory'.

Can it be wondered if to-day, an elapse of 66 years, it is stated that new modern sewerage disposal works are needed in lieu of the present out-dated irrigated beds where more or less,

continued.

crude sewerage effluent is continuously discharged onto sewerage sick land.

CARAVAN SITES.

In the early days a Camp Site was initiated for the sole use for the stationing of caravans. To-day we have on the Sites general shops, cafes, private licensed clubs, Bingo premises, amusement slot machines, cycle shops and fish and chip premises.

All this may be for the good so far as entertainment is concerned and convenience is concerned, but there is an inclination in some cases that where these premises are positioned on the Camp Sites, there is not the full devotion of time to the Camp, and consideration to financial gain receives first priority.

The continuous wet season during June, July, August and September, placed a strain on the public service provided by the Council - refuse and night soil collection, also cesspool emptying.

Human and administrative problems are met each year by your Public Health Officers and the Camp Site owners, but these problems are fortunately minimized by the close co-operation and liaison between the owner and your Public Health Officers.

ICE-CREAM.

There are 119 licensed retailers and the commodity is wrapped ice-cream.

All premises are inspected and reported upon, prior to approval of the building for registration.

16 new applications were received during the year and approved.

CONDEMNED FOOD.

The condemned food is destroyed by burial, burning or collection and processing by a Hide and Skin Firm.

In addition to the organs and meat from diseased bovines, sheep and pigs, other foods were destroyed as follows:-

Ham	223	lbs.	10	ozs.
Pork	10	lbs.	12	ozs.
Sausages	12	lbs.	8	ozs.
Corned Beef	18	lbs.	0	ozs.
Peaches	269	tins.		

MILK.

In all cases where milk is proved by biological examination showing evidence of infection with *Brucella Abortus*, calls are made at the farm premises.

In recent years there has been a gradual decrease of retail purveyors of milk, chiefly due to the expense that would be incurred in bringing the milk premises up to modern hygienic standards.

continued.

Milk.

The person who for many years in the village kept about two or three milk cows, has now ceased to milk cows and the villages are supplied with designated milks.

The Rural District of Spilsby is now a specified area.

There were no contraventions at the Dairy premises.

HOUSING.

During the year 1958, the Council erected 32 houses. The houses, which include 6 prefabricated bungalows removed from Spilsby to Halton Hough, consist as follows:-

(a) Houses.....	5.
(b) Bungalows.....	15.
(c) Old Persons Residences.....	6.

A total of 1116 families are now housed by the Council in the following categories:-

(a)	Council Dwellings. (Brick)	998.
(b)	Council Dwellings. (Non-traditional airy)	40.
(c)	Council Dwellings. (Non-traditional prefab)	57.
(d)	Council Dwellings. (Non-traditional Swedish)	8.
(e)	Dwellings. (Converted Land Army Hostel).....	8.
(f)	Old Council Offices. (Now four flats)	4.
(g)	Hutments. (Camp Sites, etc.)	1.

Considerable progress has been made since the re-inspection of premises under the Rural survey, towards the improvement of premises, placed in Category 3, 4 and 5 with the aid of Improvement Grants.

From 31.7.49. to 31.12.58. a total of 823 houses has been reconditioned.

During the year, Demolition Orders were made operative on 26 houses.

14 Houses were demolished following the service of Demolition Orders, and 7 houses rendered fit by Undertakings.

REFUSE COLLECTION.

A. Dry Refuse.

As anticipated, the new Coastal Diesel refuse vehicle proved its worth. There was a saving in running costs, and candidly the refuse could never have been collected and removed from the premises and increased Camp Sites if the old 10-12 cubic yard side-loading refuse vehicle had been in use.

By the very nature of the land at the Coast-line, the disposal of domestic refuse will always be a problem. Even at the best regulated disposal works, the scheme of disposal of refuse does not always work smoothly; our problems not only consist of the domestic and business premises from approximately 8,000 premises, but also refuse from up to 6,000 inhabited

continued.

Refuse Collection.

caravans and in addition an added responsibility for disposal of refuse from Butlin's Holiday Camp, weekly population at the height of the season about 9,000 which always keeps the problem ever to the fore.

Refuse removal is undertaken in all 69 parishes. In the built-up places, namely Spilsby, Hundleby, Wainfleet All Saints, Burgh-le-Marsh, Ingoldmells, Hogsthorpe and Chapel St. Leonards, there is a once weekly refuse collection. In the remaining 62 villages, a service is given once every three weeks.

Disposal sites are not easy to obtain. In our scattered Rural District large journeys involve expense and naturally every attempt is made to utilize land positioned as convenient as possible for collection and disposal.

Refuse tips are at present in use at Spilsby, Burgh-le-Marsh, Hogsthorpe, Ulceby, Langrick, Wainfleet All Saints and Friskney.

B. Wet.

The disposal of pail closet contents and cesspools is a major problem and a headache, particularly during bad and wet weather.

Pail closets are still emptied at Anderby, Chapel St. Leonards, Hogsthorpe, Ingoldmells, Burgh-le-Marsh, Wainfleet All Saints and Wainfleet St. Mary.

During the summer there is a twice weekly removal of night soil in the villages of Anderby, Chapel St. Leonards and Ingoldmells, particularly being warranted on account of the removal of such organic matter from the Camp Sites.

In addition to the above duties, there is a weekly removal of night soil from various school premises, and regular emptying of the cesspools at the various public conveniences situated along the Coast line.

634 cesspools were emptied. For the first time, all Council houses with cesspools, received one free service of emptying. This service includes 325 Council houses with 153 cesspools.

SALVAGE.

Table.

The following salvage was collected during the year:-

	T.	C.	Q.	£.	s.	d.
<u>Baled Paper & Cardboard.</u>	39.	18.	2.	299.	8.	9.
<u>Books and Magazines.</u>	5.	1.	1.	45.	11.	3.
<u>Fibreboard Containers.</u>	27.	2.	0.	257.	9.	1.
<u>Newspapers.</u>	15.	15.	0.	153.	12.	6.
	87.	16.	3.	756.	1.	7.

FREVENTION OF RODENT INFESTATION OF PROPERTIES.

One Rodent Control Officer is appointed for the District. During the year, 881 properties were inspected, including private dwellings, business premises, agricultural properties, refuse tips and sewers.

Table.

	Local Authority.	Dwellings Houses.	Agric. Premises.	All others including business and industrial premises.
<u>Inspections.</u>	53.	278.	475.	75.
<u>Treatments.</u>	21.	85.	145.	43.

RATS.

(a) Minor.	12.	21.	44.	13.
(b) Major.	-	-	1.	-

MICE.

(a) Minor.	-	6.	-	-
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GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

Hospitals.

General and Maternity.

Grace Swan Hospital, Spilsby, provides for most medical, surgical and maternity cases. Some medical and maternity cases go to Boston General Hospital, some surgical to Louth County.

Infectious Disease.

Patients suffering from these diseases are admitted to the Isolation Hospitals at Boston and Lincoln.

X-Ray Facilities.

X-Ray facilities are provided at the Grace Swan Hospital, Spilsby.

Laboratory Facilities.

Laboratory Services are provided by the Boston General Hospital and the Lincoln Branch of the Public Health Laboratory service.

National Assistance Act, 1948.

On three occasions during the year it was found necessary to make application for a Magistrates Order under Section 47 of the above Act to remove persons to part III accommodation.

Home Help Service.

This service is administered in the district by the local Health Authority.

continued.

Ambulance Service.

There is no Ambulance Station at Spilsby. This service is administered by the local Health Authority (Lindsey County Council), and I understand it is satisfactory.

Your obedient Servant,

A. LOFTUS, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.,
D.P.H., Dip. Mid.

Medical Officer of Health.

Report of work done by the Public Health Department for the
Year 1958.

HOUSING.

Total number of new houses erected during the year.

{1}	By the Local Authority	32.
{2}	By other Local Authorities	--
{3}	By other bodies or persons	34.

Housing Repairs and Rents Acts, 1954-57.

No. of Certificates of disrepair issued	--
---	----

Inspection of Dwelling Houses during the year.

(1) (a) Total no. of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health and Housing Acts)	386.
(b) No. of inspections made for the purpose	440.

Remedy of defects during the year without service of Formal Notices.

Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers	160.
--	------

Action under Statutory powers during the year.

(1) <u>Proceedings under Public Health Acts:-</u>	
(a) No. of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	Nil.
(b) No. of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:-	
(i) by Owners: Nil. (ii) by local authority in default of owners	Nil.
(2) <u>Proceedings under the Housing Acts.</u>	
(a) No. of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	1.
(b) No. of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:-	
(i) by Owners: Nil. (ii) by local authority in default of owners	Nil.
(iii) No. of unfit houses purchased by local authority in accordance with Housing Acts	2.
(c) No. of certificates of disrepair issued	Nil.
(3) <u>Slum Clearance - proceedings under the Housing Acts.</u>	
(a) No. of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made (Individual unfit houses only)	26.
(b) No. of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders (Individual unfit houses only)	14.
(c) No. of dwelling houses, or parts, subject to Closing Orders	2.
(d) No. of dwelling houses, or parts, rendered fit by Undertakings	7.
(e) No. of dwelling houses included in confirmed Clearance Orders	Nil.
(f) No. of dwelling house demolished in pursuance thereof... Nil.	

HOUSING. continued.

(g) Total no. of dwelling houses on which Demolition Orders are operative and which are still occupied except under the provisions of Sections 34, 35 and 46 of the Housing Act, 1957	48.
(h) Total no. of dwelling houses occupied under Sections 34, 35 and 46 of Housing Act, 1957	Nil.
(i) Houses demolished or closed voluntarily by owners which would otherwise have been the subject of statutory action to secure demolition or closure	Nil.
(4) Nissen huts or other similar Hutsments:-	
(a) Number still occupied	Nil.

HOUSING / CTS - OVERCROWDING.

(a) (1) No. of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	7.
(11) No. of persons concerned in such cases	38.
(b) (1) No. of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	--
(11) No. of families dwelling therein	--
(111) No. of persons dwelling therein	--

HOUSING ACT, 1949.

No. of houses for which applications for grants have been received	198.
No. of houses subject to grant	198.

MOVEABLE DWELLINGS, TENTS, VANS, ETC.

Number of Site licences: 103. No. of individual licences	7.
Total no. of caravans permitted under the above licences	4959.
(Not including L.C.C. and S.R.D.C. Sites.)	
No. of inspections during the year Sites	326.

FOOD PREMISES.

BAKEHOUSES.

No. in district ... 24. No. of inspections ... 29.
No. of contraventions ... Nil.

MILK SUPPLIES.

No. of distributors on register ... Sterilised: 34. Past: 29. T.T.: 24. N/D: --
No. of inspections of dairy premises

ICE-CREAM.

No. of manufacturers on register
No. of premises licensed for sale of Ice-Cream
No. of inspections of premises made
No. of contraventions found Nil. Remedied

MEAT PRODUCTS.

No. of premises registered for manufacture of meat products	22.
No. of inspections made	431.
No. of contraventions found	1.
No. of contraventions remedied	1.

OTHER FOOD PREMISES.

No. of inspections	228.
No. of contraventions found	7.
No. of contraventions remedied	7.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.

No. licensed - Abattoir type	Nil.
Private (individuals)	9.

UN SOUND FOOD. CARCASSES AND OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN PART.

	Cattle excl. Cows. Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep & Lambs.	Pigs.	Horses.
No. killed (if known)	624.	5.	10.	?	?	--
No. inspected.	539.	3.	6.	399.	726.	--
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci.						
Whole carcasses condemned.	1.	-	-	3.	1.	--
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	25.	-	-	-	12.	--
Percentage of the No. inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci.	4.8.	-	-	0.75.	1.79.	--
Tuberculosis only. Whole carcasses condemned.	1.	-	-	-	-	--
Carcasses of which some part or organ was con- demned.	17.	-	-	-	23.	--
Percentage of the no. inspected affect- ed with tuberculosis.	3.37.	-	-	-	3.1.	--

	Cattle exclud. Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep & Lambs.	Pigs.	Horses.
Cysticerosis - carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned.						

OTHER FOODS CONDEMNED.

Ham	223	lbs.	10	ozs.
Pork	10	lbs.	12	ozs.
Sausages	12	lbs.	8	ozs.
Corned Beef	18	lbs.	0	ozs.
Peaches	269	tins.		

Method of Disposal of Condemned Food.

Meat: Hide & Skin Merchants. Other Foods: Burned & Buried.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

Closets.

No. of houses with privy vaults in district	
No. of houses with pail closets in district	
No. of houses with water closets in district	3188.
No. of water closets substituted for pail closets and privy vaults	247.

Cesspools and Septic Tanks.

No. of Cesspools and Septic Tanks emptied, cleansed, etc.....	590.
No. of cesspools and Septic Tanks abolished	144.

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal.

Details of areas or villages where provision has been made
of new sewers or where existing sewerage arrangements improved:

STICKNEY.

Any part of district urgently requiring public sewers and/or
treatment works for public health reasons (state briefly reasons)

Ingoldmells.	} Existing insanitary and Burgh-le-Marsh.
Wainfleet All Saints.	
Anderby Creek.	

) No Sewage Works.

WATER SUPPLIES.

Domestic.

No. of houses supplied from public mains 4602.
 standpipe/..... 76.
 No. of houses supplied from private sources: In house: Not known.
 Not in House: Not known.
 New sources of supply and location - public - Nil.
 No. of new sources of supply and location - private - Not known.
 No. of houses supplied therefrom Not known.
 No. of public supplies closed as (i) polluted: Nil.
 (ii) other reasons: Nil.

No. of samples taken for bacteriological examination:-

from public supplies: Cl. I:47; Cl.II:64; Cl.III:6; Cl.IV: 10;
 from private supplies: Cl. I:--; Cl.II: 3; Cl.III:1; Cl.IV: 1;

GENERAL.

Disinfection and Disinfestation.

Rooms or premises disinfected:-

(a) Infectious disease other than tuberculosis 443.
 (b) Tuberculosis 9.

Refuse Collection and Disposal.

Parishes served by scavenging Scheme.

Refuse

Collection

and

Disposal.

{ Spilsby, Wainfleet All Saints, Burgh-le-Marsh, Chapel St. Leonards, Hogsthorpe, Ingoldmells, Anderby, Bilsby, Partney, Stickford, Stickney, East Kirkby, New Bolingbroke, Friskney, Wainfleet St. Mary, Addlethorpe, Welton-le-Marsh, Orby, Eastville, New Leake, Toynton All Saints, East Keal, Mumby, Hundleby, Huttoft, Sibsey, Gt. Steeping, Firsby, Candlesby, Croft, Brinkhill, Irby, Gunby, Scremby, Skendleby, Ashby, Toynton St. Peter, Old Bolingbroke, Raithby, West Keal, Frithville, Midville, Bratoft, Hagaby, Aswardby, Ulceby, Thorpe St. Peter, Thornton-le-Fen, South Ormsby, Rigsby, Markby, Langton, Calceby, Carrington, Claxby, Cumberworth, Dalby, Driby, Farlesthorpe, Hareby, Harrington, Langriville, Mavis Enderby, Sausthorpe, Westville, Well, Willoughby, Lt. Steeping and West Fen.

How frequently is refuse removed from each house?

... Once weekly in the parishes of:- Spilsby, Wainfleet All Saints, Burgh-le-Marsh, Chapel St. Leonards, Hogsthorpe, Ingoldmells, Hundleby and the remaining 62 parishes, once every three weeks.

Method of Disposal?

... (a) Open controlled tipping. (b) Trench controlled tipping.

Is this satisfactory?

... Yes.

Is collection by Local Authority or Contract?

... Local Authority.

Nuisances.

Details of nuisances abated.

	After informal intimation.	After Statutory Notice.
Refuse	18.	-
Foul ditches, ponds and stagnant water	3.	-
Drainage	6 3/4.	-
Poultry and Animals	3.	-

Rats and Mice Destruction.

No. of Rodent Operatives employed 1.

No. of premises treated:-

(a) Dwelling Houses... 185. (b) Other premises ... 361.

Are there any serious reservoirs of rats in district? No.

Atmospheric Pollution.

No. of visits Nil.

No. of nuisances found Nil.

No. of nuisances abated Nil.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

Part I of the Act.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors.)

Premises. (1)	M/c Line No. (2)	Number on Register. (3)	Inspec- tions. (4)	Written Notices. (5)	Occupiers Prosecuted. (6)	M/c Line No. (7)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	1.	22.	46.	2.	-	1.
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	2.	125.	137.	7.	-	2.
(iii) Other premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises).	3.	---	---	-	-	3.
TOTAL:		147.	183.	9.	-	

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND. (If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases").

Particulars. (1)	M/c Line No. (2)	No. of cases in which defects were found. Found. (3)	No. of cases in which defects were found. Remedied. (4)	Referred. To H.M. Inspec- tor. (5)	By H.M. Inspec- tor. (6)	No. of cases in which prose- cutions were insti- tuted.. (7)	M/c Line No. (8)
Want of cleanliness. (S.1.)	4.	-	-	-	-	-	4.
Overcrowding. (S.2.)	5.	-	-	-	-	-	5.

Particulars.	Line No.	M/c No. of cases in which defects were found.			No. of cases in which prosecutions were instituted.			Line No.
		Found.	Remedied.	Referred.	To H.M. Inspector.	By H.M. Inspector.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Unreasonable temperature. (S.3.)	6.	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.
Inadequate Ventilation. (S.4.).	7.	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.
Ineffective drainage of floors. (S.6.).	8.	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.
Sanitary Conveniences. (S.7.)								
(a) Insufficient.	9.	5.	4.	-	5.	-	-	9.
(b) Unsuitable or Defective.	10.	3.	3.	-	3.	-	-	10.
(c) Not separate for sexes.	11.	1.	1.	-	1.	-	-	11.
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork).		-	-	-	-	-	-	12.
Total:	60.	9.	8.	-	9.	-	-	60.

Part VIII of the Act.

OUTWORK

(Sections 110 and 111).

NIL.

